

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **0460133P**
Product name: **PROTECH SIL FILLER**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **Siloxane anti-crazing primer for external and internal facades**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **AZICHEM SRL**
Full address: **Via G. Gentile 16/A**
District and Country: **46044 Goito (Mantova) Italia**
Tel.: **0376604185**
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **laboratorio@azichem.com**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to:
Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù ROMA: 06 68593726
Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia FOGGIA: 800183459
Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli" NAPOLI: 081-5453333
Policlinico "Umberto I" ROMA: 06-49978000
Policlinico "A. Gemelli" ROMA: 06-3054343
Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia Medica FIRENZE: 055-7947819
Centro Nazionale di Informazione Tossicologica PAVIA: 0382-24444
Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda MILANO: 02-66101029
Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII BERGAMO: 800883300
Azienda Ospedaliera Integrata VERONA: 800011858

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH208 Contains: 2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE
4.5-Mind-2-Ottit-2h-Isatiazol-3-One
MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7];
2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Precautionary statements:

P273

Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Propylidintrimetanol		
INDEX	$0,2 \leq x < 0,25$	Repr. 2 H361, Repr. 2 H361fd
EC	201-074-9	
CAS	77-99-6	
REACH Reg.	01-2119486799-10-XXXX	
MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)		
INDEX	$0 \leq x < 0,0015$	Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071
EC		Skin Corr. 1C H314: $\geq 0,6\%$, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,06\%$, Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$, Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq 0,6\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,06\%$
CAS	55965-84-9	LD50 Oral: 200 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 87,12 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,33 mg/l/4h
REACH Reg.	01-2120764691-48-xxxx	
2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE		
INDEX	$0 \leq x < 0,0015$	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1 H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071
EC	247-761-7	Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$
CAS	26530-20-1	LD50 Oral: 125 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 311 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,27 mg/l/4h
4.5-Mind-2-Ottil-2h-Isatiazol-3-One		
INDEX	$0 \leq x < 0,0015$	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1 H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH071
EC	264-843-8	Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,025\%$, Skin Sens. 1A H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,025\%$
CAS	64359-81-5	LD50 Oral: 567 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 0,051 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

DEU Deutschland Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
AGW	DEU	0,05		0,1		INHAL
AGW	DEU	0,05		0,1		SKIN
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,1		INHAL
MAK	DEU	0,05		0,1		SKIN

Propylidintrimetanol

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,34 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,58 mg/m3				3,3 mg/m3
Skin				0,34 mg/kg bw/d				0,94 mg/kg/d

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,027	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,027	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water, intermittent release	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water, intermittent release	0,00339	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,25	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,01	mg/kg/d

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		0,11 mg/kg bw/d		0,09 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	0,04 mg/m3		0,02 mg/m3		0,04 mg/m3		0,02 mg/m3	
Skin	MED				MED			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	dense liquid	
Colour	various	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	100 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	292 °C	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	8	
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Solubility	not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	2350 Pa	Temperature: 20 °C
Density and/or relative density	1,637 g/cm ³	
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Oxidizing agents, Amines, Reducing agents, Mercaptans.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE	
LD50 (Dermal):	311 mg/kg
LD50 (Oral):	125 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,27 mg/l/4h Rat

Propylidintrimetanol	
LD50 (Dermal):	10000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
LD50 (Oral):	14700 mg/kg (Rat)
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,85 mg/l/4h (Rat)

4.5-Mind-2-Ottil-2h-Isatiazol-3-One	
LD50 (Oral):	567 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,5 mg/l

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)	
LD50 (Dermal):	87,12 mg/kg Coniglio maschio C(M)IT/MIT (14%) (OECD 402)- opinion RAC
LD50 (Oral):	200 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,33 mg/l/4h

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Method: OECD 423
Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Species: Rat (Wistar; female)
Routes of exposure: oral
Results: LD50 200 mg/kg

Method: OECD 403

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Species: rat (CrI:CD BR; male/female)
Routes of exposure: inhalation
Results: LC50 0.33 mg/l/4h (aerosol)

Reliability (Klimisch score): 2
Species: rabbit (Albino)
Routes of exposure: dermal
Results: LD50 87.12 mg/kg (C(M)IT/MIT 14%)
Bibliographical reference: Craig 1993

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Method: OECD 404
Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Species: rabbit (New Zealand White)
Routes of exposure: dermal
Results: corrosive to the skin. SCL (specific concentration limit $C \geq 0.6\%$ - Reg. (EU) 2018/1480)

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Method: OECD 405
Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Species: rabbit (New Zealand White)
Routes of exposure: ocular
Results: corrosive to the eyes
SCL (specific concentration limit - Reg. (EU) 2018/1480)
H318 cat.1 $C \geq 0.6\%$
H319 cat. 2 $0.06\% \leq C < 0.6\%$

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

4,5-Mind-2-Ottil-2h-Isatiazol-3-One

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Skin sensitization

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Bibliographic reference: National Institutes of Health Publication N° 99-449, Appendix J, 1999
Local lymph node testing. (LLNA)
Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Species: mouse (CBA/J; female)
Results: skin sensitiser, cat 1A
SCL (specific concentration limit) (Reg. (EU) 2018/1480): $C \geq 0.0015\%$

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)
Method: OECD 482 - In vitro test
Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Results: Negative

Method: OECD 475 - In vivo test

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1
Routes of exposure: oral
Species: mouse (CD-1)
Results: Negative

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Based on available data, the substance does not have carcinogenic effects and is not classified under the CLP hazard class of carcinogenicity.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Method: OECD 416

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1

Species: rat Crl:CD BR

Routes of exposure: oral

Results: Negative. NOAEL = 300 ppm.

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Method: EPA OPP 83-3

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1

Species: rat (Sprague-Dawley)

Routes of exposure: oral

Results: LOAEL = 28 mg/kg. No signs of teratogenicity or embryotoxicity.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Based on available data, the substance does not present specific target organ toxicity effects for single exposure and is not classified under the relevant CLP hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

Method: OECD 409

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1

Species: dog (beagle)

Routes of exposure: oral

Results: Negative. NOAEL = 22 mg/kg

Method: OECD 413

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1

Species: mouse (Crl:CD(SD)BR)

Routes of exposure: inhalation (aerosol)

Results: Negative. NOAEL = 0.34 mg/m³

Method: EPA OPP 82-3

Reliability (Klimisch score): 1

Species: rat (Sprague-Dawley)

Routes of exposure: dermal

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Results: Negative. NOAEL (systemic toxicity): 18.75 mg/kg body weight/day. NOAEL (local irritation): 0.75 mg/kg body weight/day

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

There are no data available on the danger in case of aspiration.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,00129 mg/l/72h Navicula pelliculosa

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,000224 mg/l/48h Navicula pelliculosa

Propylidintrimetanol

LC50 - for Fish

1000 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

13000 mg/l/48h

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

1000 mg/l (21 days)

4.5-Mind-2-Ottit-2h-Isatiazol-3-One

LC50 - for Fish

27 mg/l/96h

Chronic NOEC for Fish

> 0,001 mg/l

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

> 0,001 mg/l

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

LC50 - for Fish

0,19 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (EPA OPP 72-1)

EC50 - for Crustacea

0,16 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (EPA OPP 72-2)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,0052 mg/l/48h Skeletonema costatum (OECD 201 - US EPA OPPTS 850.5400)

Chronic NOEC for Fish

> 0,0464 mg/l/35 giorni Danio rerio (OECD 210)

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,00049 mg/l/48 h Skeletonema costatum (OECD 201 - US EPA OPPTS 850.5400)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

NOT rapidly degradable (OECD 301B)

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

Solubility in water

500 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

Propylidintrimetanol

Entirely degradable

100%

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-OCTYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2,61

BCF

19,21

MIXTURE OF: 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-2H- ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [N. CE 247-500-7]; 2-METHYL-2H-ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE [No. CE 220-239-6] (3:1)

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
BCF

0,75 C(M)IT: 0.75 MIT: -0.71 (OECD 107)
54 Lepomis macrochirus (OECD 305 E)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion, category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

LEGEND:

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 16.